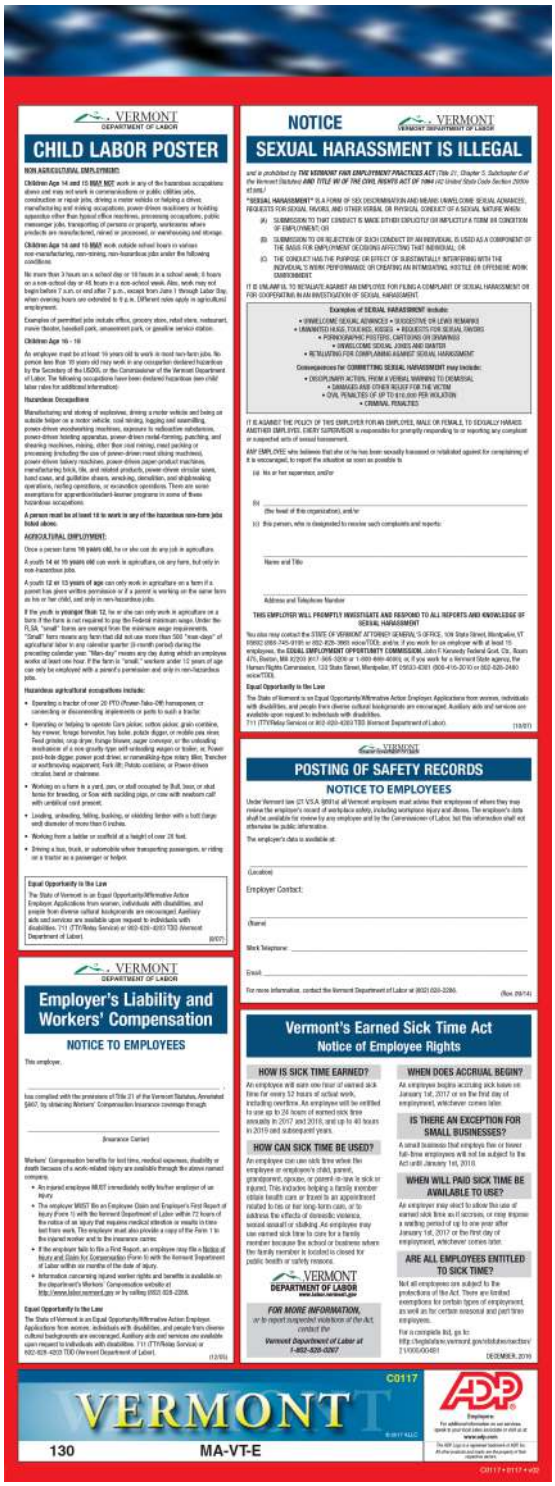
Vermont State Postings



VERMONT DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

CHILD LABOR POSTER

NON AGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT:

Children Age 14 and 15 MAY NOT work in any of the hazardous occupations above and may not work in communications or public utilities jobs, construction or repair jobs, driving a motor vehicle or helping a driver, manufacturing and mining occupations, power-driven machinery or hoisting apparatus other than typical office machines, processing occupations, public messenger jobs, transporting of persons or property, workrooms where products are manufactured, mined or processed, or warehousing and storage.

Children Age 14 and 15 MAY work outside school hours in various non-manufacturing, non-mining, non-hazardous jobs under the following conditions:

No more than 3 hours on a school day or 18 hours in a school week; 8 hours on a non-school day or 40 hours in a non-school week. Also, work may not begin before 7 a.m. or end after 7 p.m., except from June 1 through Labor Day when evening hours are extended to 9 p.m. Different rules apply in agricultural employment.

Examples of permitted jobs include office, grocery store, retail store, restaurant, movie theater, baseball park, amusement park, or gasoline service station.

Children Age 16 – 18

An employer must be at least 16 years old to work in most non-farm jobs. No person less than 18 years old may work in any occupation declared hazardous by the Secretary of the USDOL or the Commissioner of the Vermont Department of Labor. The following occupations have been declared hazardous (see child labor rules for additional information):

Hazardous Occupations

Manufacturing and mining of explosives; driving a motor vehicle and being an outside helper on a motor vehicle; coal mining; logging and sawmilling; power-driven woodworking machines; exposure to radioactive substances; power-driven hoisting apparatus; power-driven metal-forming, punching, and shearing machines; mining, other than coal mining; meat packing or processing including the use of power-driven meat slicing machines; power-driven bakery machines; power-driven paper-product machines; manufacturing brick, tile, and related products; power-driven circular saws, band saws, and guillotine shears; wrecking, demolition, and shipbreaking operations; roofing operations; or excavation operations. There are some exemptions for apprenticeship/student-learner programs in some of these hazardous occupations.

A person must be at least 18 to work in any of the hazardous non-farm jobs listed above.

AGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT:

Once a person turns **16 years old**, he or she can do any job in agriculture.

A youth 14 or 15 **years old** can work in agriculture, on any farm, but only in non-hazardous jobs.

A youth 12 or 13 **years of age** can only work in agriculture on a farm if a parent has given written permission or if a parent is working on the same farm as his or her child, and only in non-hazardous jobs.

If the youth is **younger than** 12, he or she can only work in agriculture on a farm if the farm is not required to pay the Federal minimum wage. Under the FLSA, "small" farms are exempt from the minimum wage requirements. "Small" farm means any farm that did not use more than 500 "man-days" of agricultural labor in any calendar quarter (3-month period) during the preceding calendar year. "Man-day" means any day during which an employee worked at least one hour. If the farm is "small," workers under 12 years of age can only be employed with a parent's permission and only in non-hazardous jobs.

Hazardous agricultural occupations include:

- Operating a tractor of over 20 PTO (Power-Take-Off) horsepower, or connecting or disconnecting implements or parts to such a tractor.
- Operating or helping to operate: Corn picker, cotton picker, grain combine, hay mower, forage harvester, hay baler, potato digger, or mobile pea viner. Feed grinder, crop dryer, forage blower, auger conveyor, or the unloading mechanism of a non-gravity-type self-unloading wagon or trailer; or, Power post-hole digger, power post driver, or nonwalking-type rotary tiller, Trencher or earthmoving equipment; Fork lift; Potato combine; or Power-driven circular, band or chainsaw.
- Working on a farm in a yard, pen, or stall occupied by Bull, boar, or stud horse for breeding, or Sow with suckling pigs, or cow with newborn calf with umbilical cord present.
- Loading, unloading, falling, bucking, or skidding timber with a butt diameter of more than 6 inches.
- Working from a ladder or scaffold at a height of over 20 feet.
- Driving a bus, truck, or automobile when transporting passengers, or riding on a tractor as a passenger or helper.

Equal Opportunity in the Law

The State of Vermont is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer. Applications from women, individuals with disabilities, and people from diverse cultural backgrounds are encouraged. Auxiliary aids and services are available upon request to individuals with disabilities. 711 (TTY/Relay Service) or 802-828-4203 TDD (Vermont Department of Labor).

(07/17)

VERMONT DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employer's Liability and Workers' Compensation

NOTICE TO EMPLOYEES

This employer,

_____

has complied with the provisions of Title 21 of the Vermont Statutes, Annotated §667, by obtaining Workers' Compensation Insurance coverage through

_____

(Insurance Carrier)

Workers' Compensation benefits for lost time, medical expenses, disability or death because of a work-related injury are available through the above named company.

- An injured employee MUST immediately notify his/her employer of an injury.
- The employer MUST file an Employee Claim and Employer's First Report of Injury (Form 1) with the Vermont Department of Labor within 72 hours of the notice of an injury that requires medical attention or results in time lost from work. The employer must also provide a copy of the Form 1 to the injured worker and to the insurance carrier.
- If the employer fails to file a First Report, an employee may file a Notice of Injury and Claim for Compensation (Form 5) with the Vermont Department of Labor within six months of the date of injury.
- Information concerning injured worker rights and benefits is available on the department's Workers' Compensation website at http://www.labor.vermont.gov or by calling (802) 828-2286.

Equal Opportunity in the Law

The State of Vermont is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer. Applications from women, individuals with disabilities, and people from diverse cultural backgrounds are encouraged. Auxiliary aids and services are available upon request to individuals with disabilities. 711 (TTY/Relay Service) or 802-828-4203 TDD (Vermont Department of Labor).

(12/15)

NOTICE

VERMONT DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

SEXUAL HARASSMENT IS ILLEGAL

and is prohibited by THE VERMONT FAIR EMPLOYMENT PRACTICES ACT (Title 21, Chapter 5, Subchapter 6 of the Vermont Statutes) AND TITLE VII OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964 (42 United State Code Section 2000e et seq.)

"**SEXUAL HARASSMENT**" IS A FORM OF SEX DISCRIMINATION AND MEANS UNWELCOME SEXUAL ADVANCES, REQUESTS FOR SEXUAL FAVORS, AND OTHER VERBAL OR PHYSICAL CONDUCT OF A SEXUAL NATURE WHEN:

(A) SUBMISSION TO THAT CONDUCT IS MADE EITHER EXPLICITLY OR IMPLICITLY A TERM OR CONDITION OF EMPLOYMENT; OR

(B) SUBMISSION TO OR REJECTION OF SUCH CONDUCT BY AN INDIVIDUAL IS USED AS A COMPONENT OF THE BASIS FOR EMPLOYMENT DECISIONS AFFECTING THAT INDIVIDUAL; OR

(C) THE CONDUCT HAS THE PURPOSE OR EFFECT OF SUBSTANTIALLY INTERFERING WITH THE INDIVIDUAL'S WORK PERFORMANCE OR CREATING AN INTIMIDATING, HOSTILE OR OFFENSIVE WORK ENVIRONMENT.

IT IS UNLAWFUL TO RETALIATE AGAINST AN EMPLOYEE FOR FILING A COMPLAINT OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT OR FOR COOPERATING IN AN INVESTIGATION OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT.

Examples of SEXUAL HARASSMENT include:

- UNWELCOME SEXUAL ADVANCES • SUGGESTIVE OR LEWD REMARKS
- UNWANTED HUGS, TOUCHES, KISSES • REQUESTS FOR SEXUAL FAVORS
- PORNOGRAPHIC POSTERS, CARTOONS OR DRAWINGS
- UNWELCOME SEXUAL JOKES AND TEASES
- RETALIATING FOR COMPLAINING AGAINST SEXUAL HARASSMENT

Consequences for COMMITTING SEXUAL HARASSMENT may include:

- DISCIPLINARY ACTION, FROM A VERBAL WARNING TO DISMISSAL
- DAMAGES AND OTHER RELIEF FOR THE VICTIM
- CIVIL PENALTIES OF UP TO $10,000 PER VIOLATION
- CRIMINAL PENALTIES

IT IS AGAINST THE POLICY OF THIS EMPLOYER FOR ANY EMPLOYEE, MALE OR FEMALE, TO SEXUALLY HARASS ANOTHER EMPLOYEE. EVERY SUPERVISOR is responsible for promptly responding to or reporting any complaint or suspected acts of sexual harassment.

ANY EMPLOYEE who believes that she or he has been sexually harassed or retaliated against for complaining of it is encouraged, to report the situation as soon as possible to

(a) his or her supervisor, and/or

(b) _____

(the head of this organization), and/or

(c) this person, who is designated to receive such complaints and reports:

_____

Name and Title

_____

Address and Telephone Number

THIS EMPLOYER WILL PROMPTLY INVESTIGATE AND RESPOND TO ALL REPORTS AND KNOWLEDGE OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT

You also may contact the STATE OF VERMONT ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE, 109 State Street, Montpelier, VT 05602 (888-745-9195 or 802-828-3657 voice/TDD); and/or, if you work for an employer with at least 15 employees, the **EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION**, John F. Kennedy Federal Govt. Ctr., Room 475, Boston, MA 02203 (617-565-3200 or 1-800-669-4000); or, if you work for a Vermont State agency, the Human Rights Commission, 133 State Street, Montpelier, VT 05633-6301 (800-416-2010 or 802-828-2480 voice/TDD).

Equal Opportunity in the Law

The State of Vermont is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer. Applications from women, individuals with disabilities, and people from diverse cultural backgrounds are encouraged. Auxiliary aids and services are available upon request to individuals with disabilities. 711 (TTY/Relay Service) or 802-828-4203 TDD (Vermont Department of Labor).

(10/07)

VERMONT DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

POSTING OF SAFETY RECORDS

NOTICE TO EMPLOYEES

Under Vermont law (21 V.S.A. §691a) all Vermont employers must advise their employees of where they may review the employer's record of workplace safety, including workplace injury and illness. The employer's data shall be available for review by any employee and by the Commissioner of Labor, but this information shall not information be public information.

The employer's data is available at:

_____

(Location)

Employer Contact:

_____

(Name)

Work Telephone: _____

Email: _____

For more information, contact the Vermont Department of Labor at (802) 828-2286.

(Rev. 09/14)

Vermont's Earned Sick Time Act

Notice of Employee Rights

HOW IS SICK TIME EARNED?

An employee will earn one hour of earned sick time for every 52 hours of actual work, including overtime. An employee will be entitled to use up to 24 hours of earned sick time annually in 2017 and 2018, and up to 40 hours in 2019 and subsequent years.

HOW CAN SICK TIME BE USED?

An employee can use sick time when the employee or employee's child, parent, grandparent, spouse, or parent-in-law is sick or injured. This includes helping a family member obtain health care or travel to an appointment related to his or her long-term care, or to address the effects of domestic violence, sexual assault or stalking. An employee may use earned sick time to care for a family member because the school or business where the family member is located is closed for public health or safety reasons.

WHEN DOES ACCRUAL BEGIN?

An employee begins accruing sick leave on January 1st, 2017 or on the first day of employment, whichever comes later.

IS THERE AN EXCEPTION FOR SMALL BUSINESSES?

A small business that employs five or fewer full-time employees will not be subject to the Act until January 1st, 2018.

WHEN WILL PAID SICK TIME BE AVAILABLE TO USE?

An employer may elect to allow the use of earned sick time as it accrues, or may impose a waiting period of up to one year after January 1st, 2017 or the first day of employment, whichever comes later.

ARE ALL EMPLOYEES ENTITLED TO SICK TIME?

Not all employees are subject to the protections of the Act. There are limited exemptions for certain types of employment, as well as for certain seasonal and part time employees.

For a complete list, go to: http://legislature.vermont.gov/statutes/section/21/005/00451

21V005/00451

VERMONT DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

FOR MORE INFORMATION, or to report suspected violation of the Act, contact the

Vermont Department of Labor at 1-802-828-0267

DECEMBER, 2016

C0117

VERMONT

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ADP Employer

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C0117 • 0117 • v20

VERMONT

Accommodations for Pregnant Employees In Vermont

Notice of Employee Rights

WHAT IS THE LAW?

An employee with a pregnancy-related condition has a right to reasonable accommodations in the workplace to perform her job. A pregancy-related condition is one caused by pregnancy, childbirth, or a medical condition related to pregnancy or childbirth. The law applies to all Vermont workplaces and all pregnant employees.

WHEN DOES IT BECOME EFFECTIVE?

January 1, 2018

WHAT ARE THE EMPLOYER'S OBLIGATIONS?

When employees request a reasonable accommodation pertaining to pregnancy, the employer should take time to work with the employee to fulfill the request, ignoring a request, retaliating against, or firing the employee requesting a reasonable accommodation could expose the employer to damages and civil penalties.

DOES AN EMPLOYER HAVE TO GRANT EVERY ACCOMMODATION REQUEST?

An employer may decline a reasonable accommodation if the accommodation would constitute an undue hardship. An accommodation creates an undue hardship if it would be significantly difficult, unduly expensive or unworkable to put into place.

WHAT ARE THE EMPLOYEE'S RIGHTS?

If you feel you need reasonable accommodations to perform your job, you must request the accommodation by communicating with your employer. Examples of pregnancy-related accommodations include, but are not limited to:

- More breaks for the bathroom, water intake, or rest
- Access to a chair or stool
- Time off for prenatal appointments
- A private, clean space for breast feeding.
- Assistance with specific duties, such as manual labor or heavy lifting
- Time off to recover from medical conditions related to pregnancy or childbirth

If you feel you need reasonable accommodations to perform the essential functions of your job, you must request the accommodations by communicating with your employer.

VERMONT DEPARTMENT OF LABOR www.labor.vermont.gov

FOR MORE INFORMATION:

STATE OF VERMONT ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE:
109 State Street,
Montpelier, VT 05602
888-745-9195 or 802-828-3657
AGO.CivilRights@vermont.gov

You may also contact the

HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION
14-16 Baldwin St.,
Montpelier, VT 05633
800-416-2010 or 802-828-2480
human.rights@vermont.gov
www.hrc.vermont.gov

NOVEMBER 2017

NOTICE

MINIMUM WAGE

Vermont's minimum wage rate increases annually every January 1 by either 5% or the percentage increase of the Consumer Price Index, CPI-U, U.S. city average, not seasonally adjusted, whichever is smaller.

MINIMUM WAGE RATE	
Effective 01/01/2021	**$11.75 per hour**
Effective 01/01/2020	$10.96 per hour
Effective 01/01/2019	$10.78 per hour

BASIC WAGE RATE	
Effective 01/01/2021	**$5.88 per hour**
Effective 01/01/2020	$5.48 per hour
Effective 01/01/2019	$5.39 per hour

MAXIMUM TIP CREDIT ALLOWED	
Effective 01/01/2021	**$5.88 per hour**
Effective 01/01/2020	$5.48 per hour
Effective 01/01/2019	$5.39 per hour

Service or Tipped Employees – "A service or tipped employee" means an employee of a hotel, motel, tourist place, or restaurant who customarily and regularly receives more than $120.00 a month in tips for direct and personal customer service.

Basic Wage Rate - The basic wage rate is the minimum required employer contribution towards the minimum wage for service or tipped employees. If an employee does not receive sufficient tips in the work week to at least achieve the minimum wage for all hours worked that week, the employer must make up the difference.

For Further Information Contact:
Vermont Department of Labor
Wage and Hour Division
63 Pearl Street
Burlington, Vermont 05401
Email: Labor.WageHour@vermont.gov
Telephone: (802) 951-4083
Fax: (802) 865-7655

VERMONT DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Auxiliary aids and services are available upon request to individuals with disabilities. 711 (TTY/Relay Service) or 800-650-4125 TDD (Vermont Department of Labor). Interpretative services are available for limited English proficiency customers. For more information please visit: dol.gov/oasam/programs/crc/ISpeakCards.pdf

Notice to Employers / Employees

Your state has its own minimum wage law which requires posting a notice regarding the aspects of that law. Employers are still required to post the Federal Minimum Wage notice from the U. S. Dept. of Labor Fair Labor Standards Act in addition to this state posting. According to the Dept. of Labor: where Federal and state law have different minimum wage rates, the higher standard applies.

This Posting is for Informational Purposes Only

Safety and Health Protection on the Job

The Vermont Occupational Safety and Health Code (Title 21 V.S.A. Chapter 3, Sub-Chapters 4 and 5, and the rules adopted (there under) provides job safety and health protection for workers.

The purpose of the law is to assure safe and healthful working conditions throughout the State.

- **You have the right to notify your employer or VOSHA about workplace hazards. You may ask VOSHA to keep your name confidential.**
- **You have the right to request a VOSHA inspection if you believe that there are unsafe and unhealthful conditions in your workplace.**
- **You or your representative may participate in the inspection.**
- **You can file a complaint with VOSHA within 30 days of discrimination by your employer for making safety and health complaints or for exercising your rights under the Vermont Occupational Safety and Health Act.**
- **You have a right to see VOSHA citations issued to your employer. Your employer must post the citations at or near the place of the alleged violation.**
- **Your employer must correct workplace hazards by the date indicated on the citation and must certify that these hazards have been reduced or eliminated.**
- **You have the right to copies of your medical records or records of your exposure to toxic and harmful substances or conditions.**
- **Your employer must post this notice in your workplace.**
- **The Statute provides that employees may not be discharged or discriminated against in any way for filing safety or health complaints or otherwise exercising their rights under the Code.**
- **The Statute also provides that employees who are discriminated against may bring a private action in Superior Court for appropriate relief including reinstatement, triple wages, damages, costs and reasonable attorney's fees.**

The Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (OSH Act), P.L. 91-596, assures safe and healthful working conditions for working men and women throughout the Nation. To obtain more information on OSHA federal programs, call 1-800-321-OSHA or visit OSHA's website at www.osha.gov.

The Vermont Occupational Safety and Health Administration (VOSHA), in the Vermont Department of Labor, has the primary responsibility for administering the OSH Act in Vermont. To file a complaint, report an emergency, or seek VOSHA advice or assistance call 1-800-287-2765.

Under a plan approved October 1, 1973, by the U.S. Department of Labor, Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), the State of Vermont is providing job safety and health protection for workers throughout the State. OSHA will monitor the operation of this plan to assure that continued approval is merited. Any person may make a complaint regarding Vermont's administration of this plan directly to the Occupational Safety and Health Administration, John F. Kennedy Federal Building, Room E-340, Boston, MA, 02203, Telephone (617) 565-9860.

ASSISTANCE AND INFORMATION:

The plan provides that employers and employees may request free voluntary compliance consultative or training assistance, which is provided by non-enforcement Project WorkSAFE personnel.

Project WorkSAFE
Department of Labor
5 Green Mountain Drive
P.O. Box 488
Montpelier, Vermont 05601-0488
Telephone (888) SAFE-YES
Toll-free at 1-888-723-3937.

VERMONT DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

(03/14)

1-800-287-2765
www.labor.vermont.gov

Parental Leave, Family Leave, and Short-Term Family Leave

VERMONT DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Vermont's **Parental Leave Law** covers employers with 10 or more workers who work an average of 30 hours per week over the course of a year.

Vermont's **Family Leave Law**, which includes Short-Term Family Leave, covers employers with 15 or more workers who work an average of 30 hours per week over the course of a year.

A worker who has worked for a covered employer for an average of 30 hours a week for a year is entitled to leave under these laws. During any 12 month period, the worker is entitled to up to 12 weeks of unpaid leave:

- **Parental Leave:** during the pregnancy and/or after childbirth; or, within a year following the initial placement of a child 16 years of age or younger with the worker for the purpose of adoption;
- **Family Leave:** for the serious illness of the worker, worker's child, stepchild, ward, foster child, party to a civil union, parent, spouse, or parent of the worker's spouse;

and, in addition to the leave provided in 21 V.S.A. Sec. 472, a worker is entitled to **short-term family leave** of up to 4 hours in any 30 day period (but not more than 24 hours in any 12 month period) of unpaid leave:

Short-Term Family Leave: to participate in preschool or school activities directly related to the academic advancement of the worker's child, stepchild, foster child or ward who lives with the worker; to attend or to accompany the worker's child, stepchild, foster child or ward who lives with the worker or the worker's parent, spouse or parent-in-law to **routine medical or dental appointments**; to accompany the worker's parent, spouse, or parent-in-law to **other appointments for professional services** related to their care and well-being; to respond to a **medical emergency** involving the employee's child, stepchild, foster child or ward who lives with the worker or the employee's parent, spouse or parent-in-law.

The worker must give reasonable written notice of intent to take **family or parental** leave, including the anticipated dates the leave will start and end. The employer may not require notice more than 6 weeks prior to birth or adoption. If serious illness is claimed, the employer may require certification from a physician. For **short-term family leave**, a worker must give notice as early as possible, at least seven days before the leave is to be taken unless waiting seven days could have a significant adverse impact on the employer's family member.

A worker may choose to use sick leave, or vacation leave, or any other accrued paid leave time during the leave, up to six weeks. The employer may not require the worker to do so. Use of paid leave does not extend the overall leave time to which the worker is entitled.

The employer must continue to provide all worker benefits unchanged during the leave period but may require the worker to contribute to the cost of the existing rate of worker contribution.

Upon return from leave, a worker must be offered the job held previously or a comparable one of equal pay, benefits, seniority, and other terms and conditions.

Exceptions: A worker is not entitled to leave under the Parental and Family Leave Act if the employer can prove by clear and convincing evidence that:

- **Layoff:** during the period of leave the employee's job would have been terminated or the worker would have been laid off for reasons unrelated to the leave; or
- **Unique services:** the worker performed unique services and hiring a permanent replacement during the leave, after giving the worker notice of intent to do so, was the employer's only available alternative to prevent substantial and grievous economic injury.

This law sets a minimum standard for parental and family leave rights. It does not prevent an employer from offering a more generous leave policy and does not reduce an employee's obligation under a collective bargaining agreement or existing program that provides greater leave rights than the law requires.

EMPLOYEES ARE PROTECTED FROM RETALIATION OF ANY KIND IN CONNECTION WITH THE ENFORCEMENT OF THIS LAW.

A worker aggrieved by a violation of this law may:

- bring a private lawsuit for injunctive relief, economic damages including prospective lost wages for a period not to exceed one year, attorney fees and court costs;
- **(if you are not a state worker)** lodge a complaint with the Office of the Attorney General at **828-3657**, or **(if you are a state worker)** lodge a complaint with the Vermont Human Rights Commission at **828-2480**. These agencies may investigate your complaint and bring action in court to enforce this law.

Vermont Department of Labor
802-828-4082
http://labor.vermont.gov/wordpress/
wp-content/uploads/WH-14-Parental-Family-Leave-Poster.pdf

Equal Opportunity in the Law

The State of Vermont is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer. Applications from women, individuals with disabilities, and people from diverse cultural backgrounds are encouraged. Auxiliary aids and services are available upon request to individuals with disabilities. 711 (TTY/Relay Service) or 802-828-4203 TDD (Vermont Department of Labor).

(06/19)

NOTICE

Worker's Compensation Reinstatement Rights

VERMONT LAW REQUIRES POSTING OF THIS NOTICE

21 VSA §643b Reinstatement; seniority and benefits protected

This law provides that an employer who regularly employs **ten or more** people (at least 10 of whom work more than 15 hours a week), has an obligation to rehire a worker who has suffered a work related injury **provided** that the following conditions are met:

1. The worker recovers from the injury within two (2) years of the onset of disability; and
2. The worker keeps the employer informed of his or her interest in reinstatement and his or her current mailing address; and
3. The worker had an expectation of continuing work had the injury not occurred; and
4. The worker is physically capable of performing either his or her prior job, if available, or an alternative suitable position.

Reinstatement must be with all benefits earned up to the date of injury, including both seniority and accrued leave time. Obviously, such benefits need not accrue **during** the period of actual disability.

Please note that the right to reinstatement applies only to the first **available** suitable job. Thus, the employer is not obligated either to create an "extra" position for the returning worker or to layoff a current employee in order to comply with this law.

Should you have questions regarding the above, please contact the Vermont Department of Labor, Workers' Compensation and Safety Division at 802-828-2286 or our website: www.labor.vermont.gov.

www.labor.vermont.gov

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Vermont Department of Labor
P. O. Box 488
Montpelier, Vermont 05601-0488
Email: **LABOR.WCComp@vermont.gov**
Telephone: (802) 828-2286
TDD : (800) 650-4152
Fax: (802) 828-2195

VERMONT DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

(06/17)

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE

If you have become unemployed, or your work hours have been reduced, you may be eligible for

UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Call the Vermont Department of Labor

1-877-214-3330
(toll free)

TTY/Relay Service at 711
TDD services at 1-800-650-4152

If you are forced to leave your job as a result of domestic violence, sexual violence, or stalking, you may be eligible for benefits under the Domestic and Sexual Violence Survivor's Transitional Employment Program. When speaking with a representative at the toll-free number listed above, please ask to speak with the Domestic Violence Program Manager.

For free professional help in finding a job, an internship, or job training opportunities, visit a Department of Labor Career Resource Center near you.

To find your local Center, visit:
labor.vermont.gov
or call 888-807-7072

VERMONT DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Auxiliary aids and services are available upon request for individuals with disabilities. Interpretive services are also available for persons with limited English proficiency.

(12/18)

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VERMONT

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Compliance Date January 2021

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Always Designing for People™